

SYRUP OF FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Children Cry

for PITCHER'S

CASTORIA

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children."
ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D.,
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"From personal knowledge I can say that Castoria is a most excellent medicine for children."
DR. G. C. OSOON,
Lowell, Mass.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.



Pure! Brilliant! Perfect!
USED EVERYWHERE, AND ENDORSED
WHEREVER USED.

THE MOST POPULAR GLASSES IN THE U.S.
They are daily worn and are warmly praised by the solid Representative Men of this country, many of them being of National fame. The list embraces Bankers, Merchants, Lawyers, Governors, Senators, Foreign Ministers, Mechanics, Preachers, MEN EMINENT IN ALL PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND THEM.
Buy none but the genuine. These perfect glasses are accurately adjusted to all eyes at the drug store of Fowler & Reynolds.

HATS!

FALL
STYLES

NELSON'S

"HELLO!"

MAYSVILLE, SARDIS AND MT. OLIVET
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Messages promptly delivered. Mayville office
at Parker & Co.'s livery stable.

OCEAN DISASTERS.

Two American Steamers Burn
at Sea.

ALL ON BOARD HAVE PERISHED.

The Names of the Vessels Unknown, but Believed to Be Tank Steamers Carrying Petroleum to England, Although One Might Have Been a Passenger Steamer. Seventy People Crushed to Death While Worshipping in a Church—A Battle in the French Soudan in Which Hundreds are Killed and Wounded—Extreme Suffering in Ireland—People Freezing to Death in Berlin—Three People Killed and Twenty-Five Others Injured by a Falling Rock Which Crushes Three Dwellings—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—It is now generally admitted here that there is no doubt that two American steamships have recently been burned at sea and that it is probable that in both cases every soul on board of them lost their lives. Three incoming steamers have reported passing the steamers, and the opinion expressed is that they were American tank steamers conveying petroleum to Europe. But this fact is only well established in the case of one of the burned steamers; there are fears that the second vessel may yet prove to be a passenger steamer.

The last vessel to report passing one of the burning ships is the Egyptian Monarch, Captain Irwin, of the Wilson line, which reached Gravesend yesterday, and is now unloading cattle at Depford. Captain Irwin says that he left New York on Jan. 5, and that at 1 a. m., on Jan. 16, in latitude 48 north, longitude 19 west, he sighted a vessel, apparently an American steamer, which was on fire and burning furiously as though her cargo was petroleum. Her masts were burned out and clinging to the gear beneath her bowsprit, were two men, apparently the last survivors of the crew. Captain Irwin ordered one of his boats away, but the two men referred to dropped overboard and sank soon after they were made out.

In hope that some of the burned steamer's boats might be found in the vicinity, Captain Irwin steamed around the derelict during the afternoon and night of Jan. 16. The next morning, as there was a heavy sea and little or no hope that open boats could have lived through the night, the Egyptian Monarch was put on her course and soon left the hulk, smoking and flaring off the western horizon.

It is recalled in this matter that the British steamship Imperial Prince, which left New York on Jan. 4, arrived at Portland Thursday, on her way to Leith, and that her commander, Captain Cox, also reported having passed a burning steamship. Captain Cox said that he saw the derelict in latitude 48 north and longitude 19 west. This was during the morning of Jan. 16. It will thus be seen that the Egyptian Monarch and the Imperial Prince on Jan. 14, sighted a burning vessel in exactly the same latitude and longitude.

Captain Cox added that a heavy squall came up soon after the burning ship was sighted, and that the atmosphere became so thick that the derelict was lost to view. When the squall had blown over the burning steamer was no longer to be seen. Finally, Captain Cox expressed the opinion that all the burned steamer's crew must have perished, as no boats could have lived through the weather experienced at the time and after the ship must have been abandoned.

The second vessel reported on fire was seen Jan. 11, in latitude 43 degrees north and longitude 42 degrees west. She was seen by the commander of the British steamship City of Dundee. He described her as being a large steamer, and that she had been abandoned. The City of Dundee's commander could not see any boats, though he made search for them, and came to the conclusion that as there was a heavy sea on all hands had perished, or that they had been picked up by a passing vessel.

The City of Dundee was from Norfolk, Va., and Newport News, Va., on Jan. 5. This burned vessel was seen about ninety miles west of the Azore islands and about 150 miles southwest of where the Egyptian Monarch and Imperial Prince sighted a burning ship. Hence it is concluded that two steamships, both said to be American, have been burned at sea with the loss of all hands. The spot where the City of Dundee sighted a burning derelict may be said to be exactly half way between New York and the town of Oporto, in Portugal.

Inquiries made in shipping circles show that there are quite a number of petroleum laden vessels at sea bound from the United States for Europe. This number includes the Bear Creek which left Philadelphia for London on Jan. 6, the tank steamer Loodonia, which sailed from New York for London on Dec. 16, with a crew of thirty-eight men; the steamship Allegheny, which left New York on Jan. 1, for Marzeilles, she carried a crew of thirty-five men. The tank steamship Willomen is also at sea with thirty-four men on board.

The only oil vessels of American build, as described by the captain of the Egyptian Monarch, likely to be where the oil ship was seen on fire on Jan. 16, are the following: The Norwegian ship Anna Camp, the Norwegian ship Reistab and the ship Union. Circumstances point to her as the burning ship, although they are not conclusive.

The Czar Determined to Have Wheat. ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 23.—Owing to the fact that speculators are amassing wheat in the eastern provinces, to the detriment of the thousands of famished people in that part of the empire, the czar has instructed the mayor of Moscow

to purchase 15,000,000 roubles' worth of wheat, all of which will be distributed among the starving. The czar is determined to have no nonsense about this matter. He has empowered the mayor to offer a fair price for the wheat, and if the speculators refuse to sell at this price, he is instructed to confiscate the amount of wheat required.

CONGREGATION CRUSHED.

Sixty-Five or Seventy People Killed While Worshipping in a Church.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 23.—At Slobodskoj, sixteen miles from Viatka, a frightful accident yesterday caused a number of deaths. A large congregation thronged one of the numerous churches for which Slobodskoj is celebrated. While worship was going on, and without any warning, the roof of the church fell in with a tremendous crash. The people were crushed beneath the great beams, and fearful cries went up from the struggling and writhing mass.

Those who were able rushed to the windows and doors for egress, and a number were hurt in the effort to get out. The people of the town hurried to the rescue, but in the meantime fire broke out in the wreck from the furnace that had been used to warm the church. Fortunately the rescuers succeeded in rescuing the imprisoned without additional loss of life. The number of killed and injured is estimated at sixty-five or seventy.

Sounds Like War.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 23.—The directors of the Warsaw railway held a special secret meeting Thursday. It was learned that they discussed arrangements for mobilizing guard regiments and the rapid transfer of all Poles eastward in the event of necessity. All the medical students of three years' standing who are pursuing their studies at Kieff have been ordered to join the medical staff of the Russian army.

Extreme Suffering in Ireland.

DUBLIN, Jan. 23.—There is terrible suffering in the mountainous part of northern Ireland, owing to the deep snow and the severe cold. Many persons are reported as frost bitten and cattle have perished in the storms. At Tyrone two girls, named Quinn, were lost in a snow storm. A searching party was organized and after a long and difficult search the girls were found frozen to death.

French Victory.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—Telegrams from Algiers state that the French detachment sent out to punish the Samory tribe in the French Soudan for acts of violence and outrage, met them on Jan. 11 and had an obstinate battle. The French, although largely outnumbered, compelled the natives to retire with a loss of hundreds killed and wounded. The French loss was six dead and thirty wounded.

Frozen to Death in Berlin.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—The cold has been so intense during the past few days as to cause great suffering among the poor in this city, and much inconvenience to all. Three persons were found by the police Wednesday night frozen to death in the streets.

Murdered His Wife and Boiled Her Body.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—A butter merchant named Wittmer, residing at Schonau, has been arrested upon the charge of murdering his wife and boiling her corpse in the hope of destroying the evidence of his guilt.

Dwellings Crushed By Falling Rock.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The cliff at Dippe became loosened by a thaw yesterday and heavy rocks fell, crushing three dwellings and killing two women and one man and injuring twenty-five others.

GARZA STILL LIVES.

His Movement Against the Mexican Government Spreading Among the People.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 23.—Private advices received here from the lower part of the Rio Grande border are to the effect that the excitement there over the Garza revolutionary movement, instead of decreasing, is spreading among the people, and that the plotters and revolvers against the administration of President Diaz are gaining in numbers rapidly.

At Roma and Rio Grande City there are many prominent Mexican and American residents who do not hesitate to boldly declare their sympathy for the cause of the revolutionists.

Captain Francis H. Hardle with his troops, started out again from his camp, near Pena station, for the purpose of making a search of several suspicious ranches located north of the Texas and Mexican National railroad. He is also heading for the reported rendezvous of a large band of the revolutionists, numbering, it is claimed, 300 men located on the Nueces river.

WHICH WILL THEY BELIEVE?

Two Stories to the Rebel Flag Episode, at Baird, Texas.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The postoffice department has received a letter from the postmaster at Baird, Texas, in regard to the report that a rebel flag was flying over his office. He says the flag was made by a lady to decorate the building during a fair, and bore such a resemblance to the rebel flag that visitors mistook it for the genuine article. It was not intended to make a show of rebel colors, but simply a liberal display of bunting, common to all buildings in the town.

The department has affidavits from responsible citizens of Baird, stating that the flag was the Confederate emblem.

Cyrus W. Field Critically Ill.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—It is said that Cyrus W. Field is critically ill with congestion of the lungs and pneumonia is feared.

CHILI'S LATEST MOVE

She Demands the Recall of Minister Egan.

IT WILL HASTEN THE CRISIS.

The Developments of the Next Few Days Anxiously Awaited—Evidence That Chili Will Neither Make Reparation Nor Apologize—The President's Message to Go to Congress on Monday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The recall of Minister Egan, the rumor of which has been mentioned in these dispatches, was formally requested of Secretary Blaine yesterday by Minister Montt at the head of the Chilean legation in this city. It is said the Chilean government base their request for the recall of Mr. Egan upon the allegations that the American minister has been guilty of making reports to Washington that were deliberately false, and of engaging in intrigues for the purpose of creating trouble between the United States and Chili.

"The publication of the correspondence with Chili," said a gentleman who is acquainted with it, "will conclusively disprove the assertions of the Chilean government. Mr. Egan has kept this government fully advised of the progress of events in Chili since his arrival there, but he has done so without partisan bias. The members of the United States government who are familiar with his conduct, fully approve it, and President Harrison and Secretary Blaine are fully in accord in the estimation with which Mr. Egan is held."

"This action on the part of the Chilean government, which is the first official indication of their dissatisfaction with Mr. Egan, will have a tendency to precipitate a crisis in the relations of the two countries. It is taken in official circles to indicate that Chili does not intend to make reparation or apologize for the Baltimore incident, unless it can attach conditions which will preserve the pride of the government of that country and enable it to retain the respect and support of the people who would resent an unqualified apology."

"In accordance with the rule of diplomacy Minister Egan may be recalled from Santiago, but it will not indicate in the least any reflection upon his course by this government. He will come home, it is said, if he comes, on because his attitude as minister of the United States at Santiago has been so loyal and aggressive that it has incensed the interests at that court, antagonistic to those of this country, which were sufficiently powerful to influence the government here to ask his removal."

Advices from Santiago show that the American residents in Chili are in sympathy with Mr. Egan, and that other foreign residents wonder how the United States can continue friendly relations with a government the minister of which holds such adverse sentiments as those which have been expressed there.

"Another reason which it is said was alleged for asking Mr. Egan's recall, was the note sent to the Chilean government by Egan on Oct. 26, which Senator Matta designated as aggressive in design and violent in language. This was the first official notice taken by Egan of the Baltimore affair, and it was prepared by express instructions of Assistant Secretary Wharton, under date of Oct. 23. This letter of instructions was the one generally attributed to President Harrison and Mr. Egan's note to Senator Matta was an almost exact reproduction of the terms employed in it. This incident, under the conditions prevailing, comes perilously near a suspension of communication between the two countries, and the developments of the next day or two will be awaited with much interest."

CABINET MEETING.

The President's Message Goes to Congress Next Monday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Yesterday's cabinet meeting was brief, owing to Justice Bradley's death. It is understood that President Harrison read the draft of his message on the Chilean matter, and that it will go to congress Monday. It has been delayed by waiting for the testimony taken at San Francisco. The message is not completed, and will be revised before going to congress. It will contain from 4,000 to 5,000 words. All was quiet at the state and navy departments.

No news was received from Captain Evans, of the Yorktown, and the statement given out Wednesday that the vessel had sailed for Callao was based upon the fact that the messages to Evans could not be delivered.

Secretary Blaine attended the cabinet meeting, but did not visit the state department.

The President Thinks War Probable.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The message of the president on the Chilean affair will go to congress early next week Mr. Blaine said yesterday. The president, it is understood, has not changed his opinion that war is probable. There is no change in the situation.

Frightfully Mangled.

ST. MARY'S, O., Jan. 23.—A horrible accident occurred at the Western Straw Board factory, in this city. William Conover, an employee, while oiling a shaft on the pump, was caught in the machinery and frightfully mangled, his right leg being completely torn off at the hip. He cannot recover.

Japan After Space.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The world's fair commissioners, appointed by the Japanese government, Y. Yumbo and S. Teguna, of Tokio, have just arrived here, and will leave for Chicago in a few days to secure space for the erection of their national building in Jackson park.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

E. G. Dun & Company's Weekly Report on Business Matters.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: No news at this season is good news. Opening of goods and preparation for a year of active trade fill the time, and it is yet too early to report material change in the distribution. Industries are remarkably well employed for the season, and the movement of crops is still large, and reports from every part of the country express even greater confidence than before in the prospects for trade, while in some lines definite, though gradual, improvement is already seen.

Rumors of coming war have moved the stock market to one extent during the past week, but had not substance enough to affect money markets or trade in the least. The heavy buying of coal stocks of late leads to the belief that settlement beneficial to one important industry will soon be effected.

The markets for staple products have been undisturbed by speculation, which is held in check by the enormous supplies. Wheat advanced one and one-fourth cents, and receipts at the west were lighter owing to severe weather, but exports continue large. Corn is coming forward very freely and has declined one and one-half cents, and exports for the week will probably be very heavy. Oats are a quarter cent lower, but pork products a shade stronger. Oil has declined one-half cent and coffee advanced a quarter of a cent. In other markets no important change in prices is noted.

Reports from other cities indicate some real increase in trade, as well as great confidence in the future. At Philadelphia increasing sales are seen in dry goods, the northwest leading in purchases. Larger orders are reported for nails, and general improvement in hardware, and better orders for iron have caused additional furnaces to begin blast. In wool there are few transactions, and plates and jewelry are quiet. Cincinnati reports a brisk business. At Cleveland rolled iron is in active demand, and some advance is seen in ore, with large sales. Lake freights are contracted for at some advance over last year. At Detroit country orders are more free, and some manufacturers working over time.

At Chicago general trade is larger than a year ago, and collections easier and increase of a third is seen in flour and corn receipts, but receipts of wheat and lard are double, of rye three times, and of dressed beef four times last year's, while decrease is noted only in oats, barley and cured meats. At Milwaukee cold weather has a good effect, and the demand for money in the lumber and live stock trades is active. At Minneapolis extreme cold causes a slight decrease in trade, but flour is in better demand, the output being 173,000 barrels against 115,000 last year for the week. At St. Paul prospects of trade are excellent and money easy, and at Omaha very easy with trade improving.

At St. Louis severe snowstorms since Jan. 1 have interfered with retail trade, but wholesale dealers find no complaint; collections are fairly prompt, and settlements of freight rates are expected to restore the trade with Mexico. At Denver business is very good for the season. At Galveston extreme cold retards business, and losses of cattle on the ranges are heavy. At New Orleans lighter cotton receipts help the price and encourage business, sugar is active and strong and a better feeling prevails, though trade as yet improves but little. At Charleston some improvement is seen, though large supplies of cotton are still on hand.

The output of precious metals in 1891 has been surpassed in only two years, according to Wells-Fargo's statement, amounting to \$31,935,994 gold, \$60,614,004 silver, \$13,261,663 copper, and \$12,385,780 lead. The Mexican output of silver was \$43,000,000.

Annual reports of many other industries show that the production in 1891 has rarely, if ever, been equalled, and the new year begins with no prospect of decrease in any important industry. Even the wool manufacturer appears to have used more wool last year than in any previous year, imports having been the largest on record. In woollens there is a considerable return demand for spring goods, and the opening of many styles of men's wear for the following season is met thus far by good orders. An excellent business is done by jobbers in cotton goods, and in the medium and cheaper grades unprecedented, and knit goods are fairly strong.

The reduction of rate by the Bank of England from 3-1/2 to 3 per cent, shows the confidence that prevails in foreign money markets. Actual loans are made at London at three-fourths of a cent on call, and here have declined from 2-1/2 to 2 per cent. The treasury has paid out \$700,300 more than it has taken in during the week, and reports from all monetary centers show ample supplies, an easier market, and except at the south a comparatively light demand with fair or good collections. Merchandise reports from New York in three weeks have been 48.3 greater in volume than for the same weeks last year while in imports there has been a slight decrease. The enormous increase of exports still continuing leads many to believe that more gold must soon be imported, but foreign exchange has risen one-half cent during the week, notwithstanding reports of purchasing by London in the stock market.

Business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days, as reported to R. G. Dun & Company by telegraph, number 274 for the United States and 54 for Canada, or a total of 328, as compared with totals of 330 last week and 435 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 411, representing 360 failures in the United States and 51 in the Dominion of Canada.

CRESTON, Ia., Jan. 23.—By the tearing up of a switch eight miles east of here last evening an engine and seven loaded cars were derailed, and Engineer Oscar Swanson killed.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, 1892.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

East.	West.
No. 2.....9:45 a. m.	No. 1.....6:20 a. m.
No. 26.....7:40 p. m.	No. 19.....5:40 a. m.
No. 18.....4:45 p. m.	No. 17.....9:45 a. m.
No. 4.....8:00 p. m.	No. 3.....4:25 p. m.

Nos. 19 and 20 are the Maysville accommodation, and Nos. 17 and 18 the Huntington accommodation. Nos. 1 and 2 are the fast express and Nos. 3 and 4 the F. F. V.

The accommodation trains are daily except Sunday; the rest are daily.

Direct connection at Cincinnati for points West and South.

Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION KENTUCKY CENTRAL.

Southbound.	Northbound.
Leave Maysville at 5:20 a. m. for Paris, Lexington, Cincinnati, Richmond, Stanford, Livingston, Millio, Middleborough, Cumberland Gap, Frankfort, Louisville and points on N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.	Leave Maysville at 1:50 p. m. for Paris, Cincinnati, Lexington, Winchester, Richmond and points on N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.
Arrive at Maysville at 10:10 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.	Arrive at Maysville at 10:10 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.

Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.

INDICATIONS—Generally fair weather, colder by Saturday night, southwesterly winds.

TABLETTE—Calhoun's.

Geo. W. SULSER, law, fire insurance.

RELIABLE fire insurance—W. R. Warder.

G. S. JUDS, insurance and collection agency.

Ice creepers, the "Royal" best, at Lynch's.

A. M. CAMPBELL, real-estate, loans and collections.

BORN, Friday afternoon, to the wife of John Eitel, a daughter.

The Supervisors of Tax in Fleming increased the assessment in that county \$40,000.

A BRANCH of the Chicago Retail Commercial Agency has been organized at Augusta.

REV. C. S. LUCAS will conduct services at the Christian Church to-morrow at the usual hours.

TWENTY-FIVE bunches of bananas to dispose of at 10 cents a dozen at Martin Bros' Saturday.

The semi-annual examination of the public schools will take place next week, commencing Monday.

MR. JOHN JOHNSON, editor of the Bedford, Ind., Democrat, was in town Thursday to inspect the fuel gas plant.

The assessment of property in Bracken County this year amounts to \$2,811,735, an increase of \$2,040 over last year.

LA GRIPPE surely conquered by Dr. Hale's Household Ointment and Household Tea, sold by Power & Reynolds.

JOHN BURRELL, of Ripley, who was sent to the Ohio penitentiary eighteen years ago for life for killing his father-in-law, has been pardoned.

MR. CHARLES B. PEARCE was summoned to Covington this morning by a telegram announcing the dangerous illness of his only sister, Mrs. Fant.

USUAL services at the Central Presbyterian Church to-morrow, morning and evening. Subject in the morning "Gideon's Three Hundred."

The hymn books to be used at the Central Presbyterian Church have been received and are ready for distribution at J. James Wood's drug store.

A POSTOFFICE will be established at Davidson, Lewis County. Congressman Paynter filed the petition Thursday with the Department at Washington City.

The Frankfort correspondent of the Courier-Journal says: "Dr. Frazee's wife and pretty daughter have arrived and will be with him at the Capital Hotel during most of the season."

The late P. T. Barnum once said to Professor Bristol: "I consider your equestrianism the most wonderful exhibition of equine intelligence in the world. It is worth going miles to see."

ADMIRERS of the horse, and, indeed, others as well, should attend Professor Bristol's exhibition, and we venture they will come away feeling amply repaid, and greater admirers of the horse than ever.

BALLENGER's goods are just what he represents them. His stock of watches, clocks and jewelry is the best ever brought to Maysville. An elegant line of charms, rings, and other novelties always on hand.

SAYS the Flemingsburg Times-Democrat: "About three weeks ago Charles Jones and his tenant, Cal Starrett, living on Fleming creek, below Crains, delivered their crop of tobacco to Sousley Bros. Now Jones, Starrett and the latter's wife and one child are dead and buried, while Jones' mother at last reports was in a critical condition, all from the grip."

A SUDDEN SUMMONS.

Additional News About the Death of Rev. H. B. Taylor—Arrangements for the Funeral.

Brief mention was made yesterday of the sudden death of Rev. H. B. Taylor at Falmouth the evening before. He passed away at 6:30 o'clock.

The sad news was a shock to his many friends here and in the county.

From the Falmouth correspondent of the Covington Commonwealth it is learned that Mr. Taylor had just finished his supper, and was on his way to the depot to meet his wife, who was expected on the train from Cincinnati. It was not quite train time and he stopped in Oldham & Colvin's drugstore. While standing there, he suddenly exclaimed "Oh!" and sank to the floor, dying almost instantly.

Deceased was a native of Fleming County, but resided many years in this city and county. He was a minister of the Christian Church, and during his many years zealous work in the Master's cause he served as pastor of most of the churches in Mason County of that denomination. He had charge of the church in this city for a year or two when it was located on West Third street. He also served as pastor of many churches in adjoining counties. Some years ago he was chosen Assistant Cashier of the Falmouth Deposit Bank, and held the position to the time of his death. His business relations at Falmouth demanded most of his time and of late years he has made that city his place of residence, having a lovely home on the banks of the Licking river.

Although actively engaged in business, deceased never entirely gave up his work in the ministry. Few men were better known in this section than he and few have more friends than he leaves. He was esteemed and loved by all who knew him.

Deceased was married twice, his last wife—who was Miss Lizzie Lawe—surviving. He leaves two children—a son by the first marriage and a daughter by the last. The sincere sympathy of their many friends goes out to them in the great bereavement that has so suddenly come upon them.

The remains will be brought here this evening on the Kentucky Central, and the interment will take place to-morrow—probably in the afternoon. Services from Mr. Geo. T. Wood's residence.

TO FLOAT an enterprise on the tide of success, it must be well launched and have the merit that secures confidence. Professor Bristol's Equestrianism has this merit and safely rides the tidal wave of popularity.

SERVICES at First Presbyterian Church to-morrow at the usual hours, morning and evening, conducted by the pastor, Rev. John S. Hays, D. D. Westminister League at 6:00 o'clock p. m. All are cordially invited to these services.

THE M. E. Church, South, will worship at the court house to-morrow. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. J. E. Wright. Meeting of the Wesleyan Christian Endeavor Society at 6 p. m. The Endeavor Society of the Christian Church will unite in this service.

THE Court of Claims of Bracken County has made the following levy for this year: Poll tax, \$1.50; turnpike, 25 cents; sinking fund, 10 cents; infirmary building, 10 cents; infirmary paupers, 5 cents; bridge, 10 cents, total 60 cents. This is ten cents more on the hundred than last year. Under the new Constitution the poll tax cannot be more than \$1.50. Last year the poll tax was \$2.50 and to make up the deficiency ten cents on the hundred had to be added to the property tax.

LUTHER BENSON, the celebrated temperance orator, has been entered as a patient at the Keeley Branch Institute. For the past three years he has been on the Pacific Slope, and but recently himself and family returned to Indianapolis. Benson celebrated his return to Hoosier soil by a round of dissipation, and he tried to extenuate his conduct by claiming that he could no more resist the "tiger of strong drink," as he describes it, "than he could fly." Benson has lectured in this city. It is hoped the bi-chloride of gold will cure him of that "tiger of strong drink."

THE Covington Post says: "Professor B. Frank Bristol, the well-known Covington music teacher, has decided to turn his High Bridge Camp Meeting into an institute for the curing of drunkenness. A prominent Covington physician is to have complete control of the new venture, and the improving of the place is to be commenced immediately. Professor Bristol is a worker, and states that he will pattern after the Dwight wizard, using bi-chloride of gold as the principal treatment, and expects to do a big business. The Professor stated to the reporter that 'if such a concern could not pay in Kentucky he would be badly fooled.'"

THE LEGISLATURE.

What the State Solons are Doing—New Bills—The Legal Rate of Interest.

Yesterday was bill day in the Legislature and the following were introduced the House:

By Mr. Halbert—Act to amend the General Statutes relative to larceny.

By Mr. Dawson—Bill to establish and maintain a uniform system of text books in common schools, and to reduce the price thereof.

By Mr. Sims—Act to authorize the fiscal courts of counties to issue bonds for the purpose of building court houses.

By Mr. Peat—Bill to provide for laying the various counties off into magisterial districts.

Mr. Pettit presented a memorial from the venerable Cassius M. Clay, of Madison County, giving his views on the equality of taxation, which was ordered printed.

Mr. Shouse presented a bill to define the office of Commissioner of Agriculture.

The Committee on Municipal Classification, who had considered the petition from the Mayor and Council of Ludlow, reported in favor of placing it in the list of cities of the fourth class. The same report was made in favor of Lebanon.

Dr. Mather's Harmless Lunatic Bill was made a special order for next Wednesday.

Mr. Bashou's bill to reduce the legal rate of interest from six to five per cent. was given its second reading.

Mr. Myers moved to strike out five and insert four as the rate. He said this was the highest rate allowed on government bonds, and that individuals should be satisfied with that per cent.

The bill was made a special order for Thursday.

Only two bills were offered in the Senate.

The first proposes to allow the several counties to supplement the school fund by local tax, and the other establishes three State training schools, and proposes to levy a half cent tax for their maintenance.

DULEY & BALDWIN, general insurance, 205 west side Court street.

MINER'S MAXIMS.

You may deceive all sometime; some all the time, but not all all the time.

Good Shoes are a pleasure to the wearer; bad Shoes are not worth the powder to blow them to perdition. Good Shoes are no more expensive than bad ones, but bad Shoes are dear at any price, and sensible people can not be paid to wear them.

There isn't anything like as much art in purchasing Shoes as there is in making them, but it is just as easy to buy indifferent or execrable Shoes as it is to purchase an article a million miles beyond criticism. The one great requisite is that you should know what you are buying. How are you going to find out? Rely on your own judgment and you are more than liable to be mistaken, for you cannot be expected to have the discriminating eye of an expert. What is the alternative? It is that you shall rely upon the judgment of the dealer, but before you can do that you must be certain that his honor is as trustworthy as his capacity.

You need not know any more about the quality of a Shoe than a polar bear does about the tariff to be quite certain that you can depend upon what you buy from MINER.

MINER

Sixty Years
Selling Good Shoes!

ASSICNEE'S SALE

Miss Anna M. Frazar's stock of

Dry Goods, Cloaks, Shoes,

Hosiery, Notions, Jewelry, &c., is now on sale at her store at unusually low prices. Call early and secure bargains. GEO. W. SULSER, Assignee.

Our New Spring Carpets

Will arrive in about two weeks, and to make room for them we now offer our entire stock at considerably less than cost.

FORTY PIECES BRUSSELS CARPET

at 50 cents per yard, were 75 and 85 cents per yard; ten pieces Velvet Carpet at 85 cents per yard, were \$1.25; Heavy, Imported Yard-wide Carpets from 19 cents per yard up. Now is the chance of a life-time to get a genuine CARPET bargain.

Two Grand Dress Goods Bargains:

Twenty pieces fifty-four-inch Broadcloths at 50c. per yard, reduced from \$1.25; twenty pieces of Plaid French Flannels, all wool, 25 cents per yard, actually worth 65 cents.

THE BEE HIVE,

ROSENAU BROS., PROPRIETORS.

THOS. J. CHENOWETH,

Druggist,

Southeast Corner Second and Sutton Streets.

BIERBOWER & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

STOVES, GRATES, MANTELS, TINWARE.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE CELEBRATED JOHN VAN RANGES.

McCLANAHAN & SHEA,

DEALERS IN—



STOVES,

MANTELS, GRATES, TINWARE, TIN-ROOFING, GUTTERING AND SPOUTING.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS

Executed in the best manner.

WE BEGIN, TO-DAY,

A Grand Clearance Sale

Of all Winter Goods left in stock, and have made such prices as will assure their sale.

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

SEE! SEE! SEE!

\$10.00 CLOAKS AT \$5.00.

\$15.00 CLOAKS AT \$10.00.

\$20.00 CLOAKS AT \$12.50.

Thirty-eight-cent Ribbed Vests at 25c.; 75c. Ribbed Vests at 50c.; All Wool Flannel Skirts, worth \$1, at 75c.; Red Flannel at 15c. worth 20c.; 35c. Jeans at 25c.; 45c. Jeans at 35c.; Men's Merino Half Hose at 10, 20 and 25c.; Ladies' Knit Wool Hose, worth 25c., at 20c.; Ladies' All Wool Cashmere Hose, worth 35c., at 25c. per pair; Children's Wool Hose at 10, 15 and 20c. Come and see us. The above are only a few of the cuts we have made.

BROWNING & CO.

3 EAST SECOND STREET.

WANTED.

WANTED—A good cook, who can do washing and ironing, to go to Cincinnati. Will be furnished with railroad ticket. Address with reference, C. B. RYAN, Room 6, C. U. Depot, Cincinnati, O. 16-3t

WANTED—A good girl for house work, in a small family. A good home. Address E. R. TISCHLER, 25 W. Third St., Cincinnati, O. 23-6t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two bellows, two irons and fixtures, poles etc. Apply at office of MYALL & SHACKLEFORD. 1205 St

FOR SALE—Coal, Coal, Peacock Coal. Just received a fresh barge-load. CITIZENS' COAL COMPANY, Commerce street, Fifth ward. 17-1m

